CHOOSE

ANNUALS & PERENNIALS

THAT ATTRACT POLLINATORS



Lobelia



Garden Hyssop



Blue Salvia





Cornflower



Allium



Sage / Salvia



Iberis



Anise Hyssop



Aster



Crocus

Cosmos



Calliopsis

Creeping Thyme



Sedum



Hollyhock



Bee Balm



Lantana



Ground phlox



Echinacea







Nasturtium



Poppy



Dahlia*



True Geranium



Calendula



Marigold

Purple Rock Cress



Gaillardia



Goatsbeard



Goldenrod





Sunflower



Nemesia



Forget-Me-Not

Evening Primrose



Snowdrop*



Helleborus



Bidens



Alvssum















HAVE YOU HEARD THE BUZZ?



DID You Know?

Having diverse garden plants can help pollinators that face many threats including loss of food and habitat, pesticides, varroa mites and pathogens like nosema.

Here's How You Can Help

- Plant fresh Canadian grown plants that are of high-quality.
- Attract pollinators to your gardens by planting purple, yellow and blue flowers with single blooms.
- Use plants with different blooming periods to stagger flowering which will attract pollinators throughout the growing season.
- Choose composts, natural fertilizers and Health Canada approved insecticidal soaps to control garden pests.
- Take care of your garden. Deadhead or prune plants as needed, to encourage new growth and a longer flowering season.
- Ensure your plants are in the right location by carefully reading plant tags, avoid over watering by using mulches, and try watering in the morning.
- Consider a water feature or bird bath that will provide pollinators with fresh water to survive.
- Remember, some plants like milkweed and dandelions can provide much needed food for pollinators - especially in the early spring months!

For more information on locally & sustainably grown flowers please visit: www.flowerscanadagrowers.com